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The 99th Glenolden Christmas Bird Count part of the 119th National Audubon Society CBC was held Saturday December 15, 2018. Our field teams and feeder watchers covered a 15 mile diameter circle centered in Media, Delaware County, PA.

The weather story this year was the rain. There was a steady light rain/drizzle all day with some heavier rain at times. Philadelphia Int'l Airport reported 0.44" rain for the day. Temperatures were a steady and warm 48-50 degrees F all day. Wind was not much of a factor and there was no frozen water. The forecast as late as the evening before the count was for more rain than actually occurred so the day was not as bad as many of us anticipated.

Despite the weather participation was good. We had 69 field observers in a maximum of 29 daytime parties and 8 folks kept an eye on 6 feeders for a grand total of 77 participants. We welcomed 13 folks participating in their first Glenolden CBC. Total daytime party hours was 137 which is about 15% lower than our previous 10 year average of 164 party hours. The weather certainly explains this reduced time in the field. Similarly 8 parties covered 20 miles in 7.25 hours of owling. Last year we had 7 parties owling for 11 hours. The dire forecast plus the rain that did fall limited the owling time and therefore the owl totals.

Total number of birds tallied was 15,075. This is roughly 40% below the previous 9 year average of 26,533 individual birds. If you attribute 15% of that drop to reduced party hours that still leaves a lot of birds hiding in the rain. As an example our count of **American Robins** was 2000 birds lower than the previous 9 year average.

Despite the rain, reduced effort and low numbers we managed to report 87 species to Audubon. This is only a little below our previous 10 year average count of 88.5 species. We had six "count week" species: **cackling goose, canvasback, greater scaup, long-tailed duck, orange-crowned warbler and peregrine falcon.** You have to think that at least some of these birds would have been found on count day if we had better weather. That would have made for a pretty decent species count.

We added no new species to our all time list this year. Our grand total for the Glenolden CBC remains at 193 species.

My candidate for most uncommon species found this year was the **American Bittern** at Heinz refuge. This species has been found on only 18 of our previous CBCs and the maximum count was 2 individuals in 1967.

Common Raven can no longer be considered rare and has now become an expected find on our CBC. Historically reported on only two prior Glenolden CBCs (1994,1999) **Common Raven** has now been reported on the six consecutive counts since 2013. This year 2 individuals were spotted flying over Crum Meadow on the Swarthmore College campus. Maximum count: 3 **Common Ravens** in 2015.

Not surprisingly we had no high counts for any species this year. We did do pretty well with one winter finch thanks to this winter's irruption. Our 43 **purple finches** is the highest count of this species since 80 individuals were reported in1987. The record number for this species is 577 in 1977. Back in the 70s and 80s counts of 50-100+ **purple finches** was the usual.

Somewhat surprising to me is our count of only 6 **red-breasted nuthatches** as "everybody" seems to be sporting 1-2 of these in their yard this year. I'll blame the weather. Our CBC typically gets a few **red-breasted nuthatches** every year. In the irruption year of 2016 we had 12 and in 2012 we tallied 96 individuals. The record: 325 in 1981.

Until this year **American tree sparrow** has been reported on every Glenolden CBC since the 1930s, at times numbering in the thousands (all time record 3700 in 1965). This year our CBC reported zero **American Tree Sparrows**, the first miss since the 1930s. Our experience is consistent with a known general decline in numbers of this species: Although the American Tree Sparrow is an abundant species that breeds in relatively undisturbed areas and seems to adapt well to human settlements in the overwintering range, the population was estimated to have declined by 53% between 1970 and 2014 (Rosenberg et al. 2016). The reasons for the decline are yet to be determined, but broad-scale changes in land-use (e.g., agricultural intensification and forest maturation) have likely resulted in extensive loss of weedy old-fields and other open habitats used by overwintering birds. (Birds of North America online)

As always I like to list all of our participants and their years of service as a thank you. For special recognition those in their first year, 5 year anniversaries, and those who have contributed 25 years or more are listed in **bold** type (as always, corrections are welcome): Allison Barnes (7), Jane Battaglia (1), Gary Becker (15), Debbie Beer (7), Natalie Berry (3), Rob Bierregaard (6), Adrien Binns (4), Jim Bodine (26), Sarah Boucas-Neto (12), Bel Broadley (1), Kevin Browngoehl (4), Tom Bush (6), Brian Byrnes (10), Donna Chadderton (9), Ron Chadderton (3), Bruce Childs (7), Mike Coll (1), Bill Cranny (8), Alan Crawford III (10), Nicholas Crocetto (6), Nick Crocetto (44), Cynthia Curry (17), John Damico (18), Susan Damico (18), Ellen Dearborn (1), Dick Eales (5), David Eberly (28), Rob Fergus (1), Kevin Fryberger (10), Stephanie Gaboriault (8), Blake Goll (3), Danielle Gowen (1), Al Guarente (43), Liz Hoffman (5), Rich Horwitz (30), Lois Hunn (20), Letitia Jeavons (8), Kristen Johnson (8), Sheryl Johnson (23), Steve Kapski (24), Virginia Kapski (4), Bob Kelly (10), Noel Kelly (5), Brian Kirk (1), Dan Kobza (7), Mary Ellen Krober (32), Bill Lucas (3), Chelsea Lucas (9), Jacey Lucas (1), Shep Lucas (1), Sue Lucas (11), Ted Lucas (1), Dave McDonald (7), Doris McGovern (35), Pat McGovern (4), Art McMorris (7), Rob Megraw (25), Roberta Menapace (1), Bob Michener (1), Alison Mostrom (27), Damon Orsetti (6), Jason Porter (7), Chris Pugliese (10), Brian Quindlen (12), Tom Reeves (43), Navin Sasikumar (2), Marcy Seminoff (4), Karen Serwatka (2), Win Shafer (13), Alan Simon (1), Carol Storey (13), Don Storey (4), Marca Tate (8), Gloria Todor (13), Pat Trevelino (13), Geoff Veith (3), Mark Wallace (4).

Historical results for our count and all CBCs are available on the CBC website **<u>christmasbirdcount.org</u>**. In the past the CBC collected a \$5 fee from all participants. Thankfully they ended that practice a few years ago. In lieu of the fee they now only publish the national CBC report in the online version of **American Birds** magazine. This is available on the National Audubon website. Of course voluntary donations to help keep the CBC running are always welcome.

Once again thank you one and all for your participation. Mark your calendars! The 100th Glenolden Christmas Bird Count will be held on Saturday December 14, 2019. Let's go for 100 species for the 100th!

Below is the report I submitted to Audubon. Please let me know if you have any corrections or questions. I have also attached our all time historical species list for your interest.

Dave

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	Delaware County (Glenolden)	Count Code:	PAGL	Count Date:	12/15/2018
Organizations & Sponsors:		# of Party Hours:	136.72	Species reported on count date:	

Compiler(s)

First Name	Last Name	Email	Is Primary Compiler
David	Eberly	david.eberly@gmail.com	Yes

Start & End Times

Start time	End time
04:30 AM	04:30 PM

Effort

Observers				
In Field	Total Number:	69		
	Minimum Number of Parties (daylight):	29		
	Maximum Number of Parties (daylight):	29		
At Feeders	Total Number:	8		

Party Hours and Distance (excludes viewing at feeders and nocturnal birding)

Ву	Hours	Distance	Units
Foot	93.17	98.15	Miles
Car	43.55	333.80	Miles
Air			
All-Terrain Vehicle			
Bicycle			
Dog Sled			
Golfcart			
Horseback			
Motorized Boat			
Non-Motorized Boat			
Skis/Xc-Skis			
Snowmachine			
Snowshoe			
Wheelchair			

Other Time and Distance					
	Hours	Distance	Units		
At Feeders	26.50				

Count Summary Report

Printout Date: 1/19/2019

Nocturnal Birding	7.25	19.75	Miles
Total Party	136.72	431.95	Miles

<u>Weather</u>

Temperature	Minimum:	48.0 Fahrenheit	Maximum:	50.0 Fahrenheit
Wind Direction	Northeast			
Wind Velocity	Minimum: 3	3.00 Miles/hour	Maximum:	15.00 Miles/hour
Snow Depth	Minimum: (0.00 Inches	Maximum:	0.00 Inches
Still Water	Open			
Moving Water	Open			
		AM and PM Conditions		
Cloud Cover	AM: (Cloudy	PM:	Cloudy
AM Rain	Heavy,Light	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
AM Snow	None			
PM Rain	Heavy,Light			

<u>Checklist</u>

Species	Number or cw	Flags	Max Number	# Of Counts Editor Comm.
Snow Goose	1		2115/112	41
Cackling Goose	cw		5/105	4
Canada Goose	4396		15880/109	71
Mute Swan	7		12/113	28
Tundra Swan	32		172/114	46
Wood Duck	2		13/102	44
Gadwall	4		82/102	46
American Black Duck	39		13007/39	89
Mallard	214		2245/76	87
Mallard (Domestic type)	1		1/119	1
American Black Duck x Mallard (hybrid)	1		1/119	1
Northern Shoveler	90		314/115	56
Canvasback	cw		435/88	26
Ring-necked Duck	12		105/80	60
Greater Scaup	cw		5000/76	41
Long-tailed Duck	cw		190/76	29
Bufflehead	19		85/79	72

Common Goldeneye	1	34/86	52	
Hooded Merganser	30	95/114	56	
Common Merganser	187	335/90	87	
Ruddy Duck	80	20188/57	75	
duck sp.	12	13/118	3	
Double-crested Cormorant	42	90/115	37	
American Bittern	1	2/67	18	
Great Blue Heron (Blue form)	17	96/93	79	
Black Vulture	34	191/111	32	
Turkey Vulture	22	322/111	75	
Northern Harrier	1	34/51	88	
Sharp-shinned Hawk	8	45/102	67	
Cooper's Hawk	13	26/108	77	
Sharp-shinned/Cooper's Hawk	1	1/119	1	
Accipiter sp.	1	2/107	8	
Bald Eagle	9	20/116	39	
Red-shouldered Hawk	7	15/52	86	
Red-tailed Hawk	28	117/102	99	
hawk sp.	1	1/119	1	
American Coot	6	241/88	66	
Killdeer	1	313/55	84	
Black-headed Gull	1	1/119	2	
Ring-billed Gull	517	4003/84	87	
Herring Gull	14	10000/71	93	
Great Black-backed Gull	6	220/93	70	
Rock Pigeon (Feral Pigeon)	152	1521/93	51	
Mourning Dove	363	1743/93	83	
Eastern Screech-Owl	6	66/83	37	
Great Horned Owl	3	44/89	68	
Belted Kingfisher	12	41/99	78	
Red-bellied Woodpecker	72	205/112	62	
Yellow-bellied Sapsucker	5	40/118	58	
Downy Woodpecker	107	262/82	98	
Hairy Woodpecker	23	50/108	95	
Downy/Hairy Woodpecker	4	4/119	1	
Northern Flicker	59	134/85	29	
Pileated Woodpecker	9	17/108	53	

American Kestrel	2	66/78	94	
Merlin	2	3/117	26	
Peregrine Falcon	cw	3/112	36	
Eastern Phoebe	1	2/93	28	
Blue Jay	63	1158/82	93	
American Crow	159	4164/93	75	
Fish Crow	1	261/118	77	
crow sp.	11	1500/31	30	
Common Raven	2	3/116	8	
Carolina Chickadee	197	1045/82	78	
Black-capped Chickadee	1	530/81	75	
Tufted Titmouse	134	605/83	94	
Red-breasted Nuthatch	6	325/82	71	
White-breasted Nuthatch	102	242/83	95	
Brown Creeper	16	45/83	92	
House Wren	1	7/58	38	
Winter Wren	20	40/113	10	
Marsh Wren	1	14/67	27	
Carolina Wren	166	401/93	96	
Golden-crowned Kinglet	36	123/93	88	
Ruby-crowned Kinglet	2	33/73	71	
kinglet sp.	2	2/119	1	
Eastern Bluebird	39	132/106	73	
Hermit Thrush	3	29/108	77	
American Robin	1221	9867/102	84	
Gray Catbird	4	23/85	71	
Northern Mockingbird	29	284/83	73	
European Starling	2458	19000/71	98	
Cedar Waxwing	10	4649/86	73	
Orange-crowned Warbler	cw	2/100	9	
Chipping Sparrow	3	19/114	46	
Field Sparrow	35	320/67	95	
Fox Sparrow	16	248/59	89	
Dark-eyed Junco	645	1604/85	8	
White-crowned Sparrow	2	87/75	57	
White-throated Sparrow	1549	2926/58	98	
Savannah Sparrow	1	68/59	75	
Song Sparrow	394	3600/67	98	
Swamp Sparrow	28	520/66	91	
Eastern Towhee	13	136/112	44	

Count Summary Report

Northern Cardinal	322	967/89	99	
Red-winged Blackbird	207	6300/66	95	
Rusty Blackbird	2	400/41	72	
Common Grackle	19	9377/95	60	
House Finch	187	2673/94	61	
Purple Finch	43	557/78	87	
American Goldfinch	143	1400/62	72	
House Sparrow	104	1600/72	89	
Total Individuals	15075			
Total Species Reported	87			
cw = Reported count we US = Flagged as an unusu HC = Flagged as an unusu LC = Flagged as an unusu	ual species ually high count			

Species Requiring Rare Bird Reports to be Submitted to Regional Editor

Species

Special Aspects